

CLERK'S OFFICE U.S. DIST. COURT
AT ROANOKE, VA
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DEC 13 2005
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By: Hon. James C. Turk
Senior United States District Judge

Case 7:05-cv-00738-JCT-mfu Document 2 Filed 12/13/05 Page 1 of 4 Pageid#: 15

(W.D. Va. April 7, 2003)(dismissed without prejudice under 28 U.S.C. §1915A(b)(1) for failure to state a claim); Bowler v. Young, 7:03-cv-00148 (W.D. Va. March 6, 2003) (dismissed without prejudice under 28 U.S.C. §1915A(b)(1) for failure to state a claim). Therefore, under 28 U.S.C. §1915(g), he is barred from filing a civil action in forma pauperis in this court unless he demonstrates that he is in imminent danger of physical harm related to his claims.

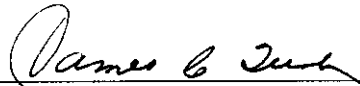
A prisoner may invoke the imminent danger exception to the §1915(g) “three strikes” provision only to seek relief from a danger which is imminent at the time the complaint is filed. Abdul-Akbar v. McKelvie, 239 F.3d 307, 314 (3d Cir. 2001); Banos v. O’Guin, 144 F.3d 883, 884 (5th Cir. 1998). In order to qualify for the imminent danger exception, the prisoner must at least raise a credible allegation that he is in imminent danger of serious physical harm. White v. State of Colorado, 157 F.3d 1232 (10th Cir. 1998) (citing Gibbs v. Roman, 116 F.3d 83 (3d Cir. 1997), overruled on other grounds). Allegations that the inmate has faced imminent danger in the past are insufficient to trigger the §1915(g) exception. See Abdul-Akbar, 239 F.3d 307 (being sprayed once with pepper spray not imminent danger); Abdul-Wadood v. Nathan, 91 F.3d 1023 (7th Cir. 1996) (being given Ibuprofen instead of something stronger for injury, now healed, is not imminent danger).

All of Bowler’s complaints concern past events, and Bowler does not allege facts indicating any imminent threat of physical harm related to these past deprivations. Thus, Bowler fails to allege facts sufficient to satisfy the “imminent danger” requirement for in forma pauperis under §1915(g). Therefore, the court will deny Bowler’s request to proceed in forma pauperis under §1915(g). As Bowler is well aware of his three strikes and the requirement that he prepay the fee or otherwise satisfy §1915(g), the court will file and dismiss this action without

prejudice. An appropriate order shall be issued this day.

The Clerk is directed to send certified copies of this memorandum opinion and the accompanying order to plaintiff and to counsel of record for the defendants, if known.

ENTER: This 13th day of December, 2005.



Senior United States District Judge

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